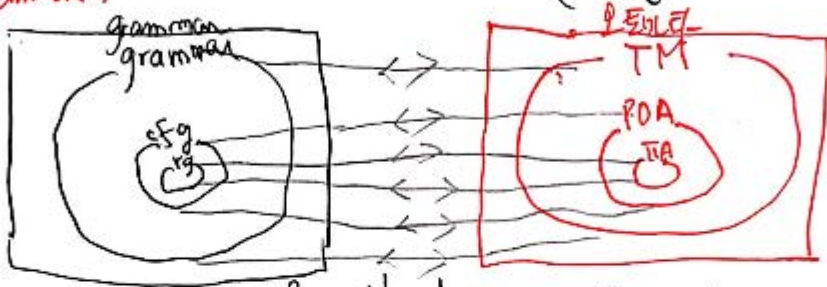


Chp. 5. Parsers

regular grammar (type 3) - $A \rightarrow \alpha \mid A \rightarrow \alpha B \in P$
 unique (or at most) N-terminals, if any! regular FA (NFA, E-NFA, DFA)
 context-free grammar (type 2) - $A \rightarrow \alpha \mid A \rightarrow \alpha B \in P$
 many non-terminals grammar context-free FA + stack = pushdown Automata
~~context-sensitive grammar (type 1)~~ $A \rightarrow \alpha \mid A \rightarrow \alpha B \in P$
~~grammar~~ context-sensitive FA + tape (memory) = Turing machine
 grammar (type 0) $A \rightarrow \alpha \mid A \rightarrow \alpha B \in P$
 Context-sensitive grammar.



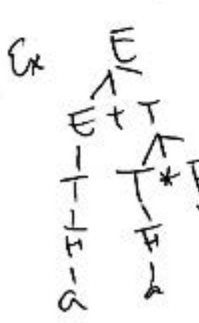
Chomsky's Language Hierarchy



parse tree \leftrightarrow 1:1 left parse -- seq. of rules used in the leftmost derivation
 right parse 좌우순 유도 (P_{lm}) 에 사용된 rule 의 string

$$S \xRightarrow{\pi_{lm}} \alpha \in \Sigma^*, \pi_{lm} \in P^*$$

년테이날중 우변의 바뀔 증의 정해지면 그 규칙, rule의 parse tree 는
 (= parse tree)



Left parse for $a+a$

$$\pi_L = (E \rightarrow ET) \cdot (E \rightarrow T) \cdot (T \rightarrow a) \cdot (T \rightarrow a) \cdot (T \rightarrow a) \cdot (T \rightarrow a) \cdot (T \rightarrow a)$$

$$\pi_L = 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$$

$$\pi_R = 1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 5$$

Uniqueness condition
 $E \rightarrow ET$
 $T \rightarrow T * F$
 $F \rightarrow a$

3/ ~~Prop. 5.5~~ ^{guess & verify produce & shift} → **Left parse** ... **Top-down parsing**
 Left (Predictive) Parser for a cfg $G = (N, \Sigma, P, S)$.

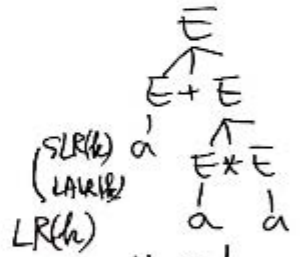
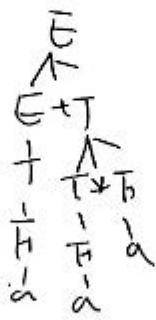
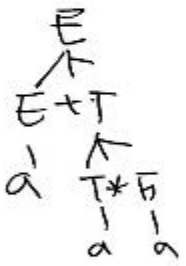
$M_P^L = (N \cup \Sigma, \Sigma, P, S, \{\epsilon\}, \$, |)$ ⇒ see page 17b
 Stack alph. (Voc) input voc. initial stack content set of final stack contents end marker delimiters parse tree det. $SLR(h)$ $LL(h)$

Γ_P^L (pa) $A| \rightarrow w^R$ | $A \rightarrow w \in P$. guess A are $w \in \Sigma$ ($A \rightarrow w \in P$)
 (sa) $a|a \rightarrow$ | $a \in \Sigma$, verify $a \in \Sigma$

Xunit G_{Exp}
 $E \rightarrow E+T | T * F | a | (E)$
 $T \rightarrow T * F | a | (E)$
 $F \rightarrow a | (E)$
 unit production-free

→ det. G_{Exp}
 $E \rightarrow E+T | T$
 $T \rightarrow T * F | \bar{a}$
 $F \rightarrow a | (E)$
 unit-productive rule
 $(E \rightarrow T, T \rightarrow F)$

G_{Exp}
 $E \rightarrow E+E | E * E | a | (E)$
 precedence
 $+ < *$
 associativity
 left +, *



Right (shift-reduce) Parser

$M_P^R = (N \cup \Sigma, \Sigma, P^R, \epsilon, \{S\}, \$, |)$

P_P^R (sa) $a| \rightarrow a$ | $a \in \Sigma$
 (ra) $w| \rightarrow A$ | $A \rightarrow w \in P$.

$\$ a + a x a | \$ \xrightarrow{a} \$ + a x a | a \$ \xrightarrow{x} \$ + a x a | E \$ \xrightarrow{+} \$ a x a | + E \$ \xrightarrow{a} \$ x a | a T E \$ \xrightarrow{*} \$ a | * T + E \$ \xrightarrow{a} \$ | a * T + E \$ \xrightarrow{F \rightarrow a} \$ | F * T + E \$ \xrightarrow{E \rightarrow T} \$ | T + E \$ \xrightarrow{E \rightarrow E} \$ | E \$$

$\Pi_P^R = (E \rightarrow a) \cdot (F \rightarrow a) \cdot (T \rightarrow a) \cdot (T \rightarrow T * F) \cdot (E \rightarrow E + T)$
 is right most derivation of $\$ M$
 $(E \rightarrow E + T) \cdot (T \rightarrow T * F) \cdot (F \rightarrow a) \cdot (T \rightarrow a) \cdot (E \rightarrow a)$ (in reversed order) **Bottom-Up parsing**
 final configuration

Xunit G_{Exp} ⇒ See parse tree in page 19
 right parse = a seq. of rule used in kind in reversed order.