

4/2. Chap 8. Relations.

8.1 Relations and their properties

Def. 1 Let A and B be two sets.

A binary relation R from A to B

$$R \subseteq A \times B$$

↑ domain ↑ range
Codomain

$$(a, b) \in R$$

or $a R b$

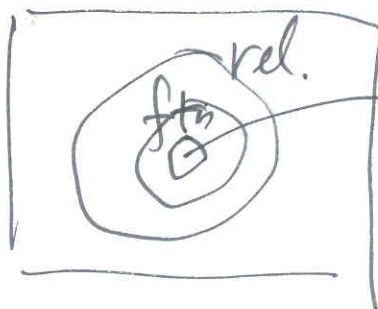
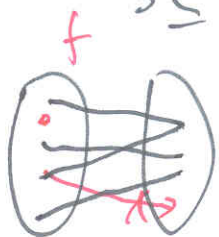
$$A \times B = \{(a, b) \mid a \in A, b \in B\}$$

$(a, b) \in R$
 $a R b$

Ex. $\leq \subseteq \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$. $3 \leq 7, 7 \not\leq 3$

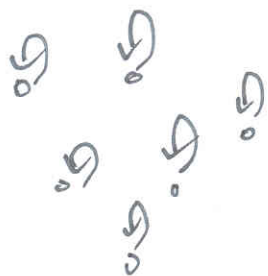
$3 \leq \pi \dots$

Function
total
uniqueness



1-1 (bijeective)
onto

$R \subseteq A \times A$ relation on A.



reflexive

$3 \leq 3$

$\leq \subseteq \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$

irreflexive

$3 \not\leq 3$

$= \subseteq \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$

$5 = 5$

$3 < 5$

$5 \neq 4$

$5 \not< 3$

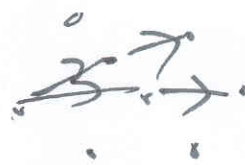
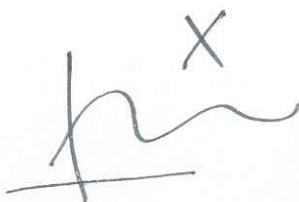
\leq - transitive?

$=$ - ?

$\leq = < \cup =$

Relation directed

① graph



② boolean matrix

$R \subseteq A \times B$

$|A| = n \quad |B| = m$

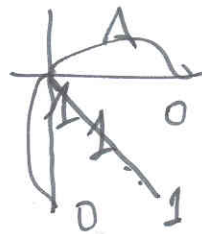
$M_{ij} \begin{cases} 1 \leq i \leq n \\ 1 \leq j \leq m \end{cases}$

$$\text{Def } \left[\begin{array}{l} R^1 = R \quad \text{basis} \quad n=1 \\ R^{n+1} = R^n \circ R \quad \text{recursi-} \quad n \geq 2 \end{array} \right] \quad n \geq 1 \quad n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

$$R^3 = \underset{r}{R^2} \cdot \underset{r}{R} = \underset{r}{R^1} \cdot \underset{r}{R} \cdot \underset{r}{R} = \underset{r}{R} \cdot \underset{r}{R} \cdot \underset{r}{R}$$

$$\text{Def } \text{id}_A = (\triangleleft =) \{ (a, a) \mid a \in A \} \subseteq A \times A$$

$$I_A = \begin{matrix} & & 0 & & 0 \\ & 0 & & & \\ & & 0 & & 0 \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \end{matrix}$$



$$\text{Def } \left[\begin{array}{l} R^0 = \text{id}_A \quad n=0 \\ R^{n+1} = R^n \circ R \quad n \geq 1 \end{array} \right] \quad n \geq 0 \quad n \in \mathbb{N}_0$$

$$R^3 = \underset{r}{R^2} \cdot \underset{r}{R} = \underset{r}{R^1} \cdot \underset{r}{R} \cdot \underset{r}{R} = R^0 \cdot \underset{r}{R} \cdot \underset{r}{R} \cdot \underset{r}{R} = \underbrace{\text{id}_A}_{\text{smallest}} \cdot \underset{r}{R} \cdot \underset{r}{R} \cdot \underset{r}{R} = \underset{r}{R} \cdot \underset{r}{R} \cdot \underset{r}{R}$$

Def. $R \subseteq A \times A$. R may or may not be reflexive, symmetric, transitive.

$\forall T \subseteq A \times A$ with property $R \subseteq T$ smallest T .

reflexive closure of $R = R \cup \text{id}_A$

symmetric " of $R = R \cup R^{-1}$

transitive " of $R^* = R \cup R^2 \cup R^3 \cup \dots$

$$\text{degg} = \bigcup_{i \in \mathbb{N}^+} R^i$$

reflexive and transitive

$$\text{star} = \bigcup_{i \in \mathbb{N}} R^i$$